## India

### FP2020 Core Indicator Summary Sheet: 2017-2018 Annual Progress Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>2012.5</th>
<th>2013.5</th>
<th>2014.5</th>
<th>2015.5</th>
<th>2016.5</th>
<th>2017.5</th>
<th>2018.5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Number of additional users of modern methods of contraception</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,534,000</td>
<td>2,680,000</td>
<td>3,599,000</td>
<td>6,163,000</td>
<td>9,184,000</td>
<td>12,234,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Contraceptive prevalence rate, modern methods (mCPR) among all women</td>
<td>39.2%</td>
<td>39.2%</td>
<td>39.0%</td>
<td>38.8%</td>
<td>39.1%</td>
<td>39.6%</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Percentage of women with an unmet need for a modern method of contraception (married/in-union)</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>19.3%</td>
<td>19.2%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Percentage of women whose demand is satisfied with a modern method of contraception (married/in-union)</td>
<td>73.2%</td>
<td>73.2%</td>
<td>73.1%</td>
<td>73.0%</td>
<td>73.3%</td>
<td>73.6%</td>
<td>74.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Number of unintended pregnancies</td>
<td>11,286,000</td>
<td>11,271,000</td>
<td>11,255,000</td>
<td>11,240,000</td>
<td>11,225,000</td>
<td>11,210,000</td>
<td>11,174,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Number of unintended pregnancies averted due to use of modern methods of contraception</td>
<td>49,387,000</td>
<td>49,982,000</td>
<td>50,426,000</td>
<td>50,782,000</td>
<td>51,776,000</td>
<td>52,948,000</td>
<td>54,421,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 Number of maternal deaths averted due to use of modern methods of contraception</td>
<td>1,654,000</td>
<td>1,674,000</td>
<td>1,689,000</td>
<td>1,701,000</td>
<td>1,734,000</td>
<td>1,773,000</td>
<td>1,823,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Number of maternal deaths averted due to use of modern methods of contraception</td>
<td>26,000</td>
<td>26,000</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>29,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Method Information Index

- Percentage of women using each modern method of contraception (method mix)
  - Long-acting and permanent methods
    - Sterilization (female): 75.3%
    - Sterilization (male): 0.6%
    - IUD: 3.1%
    - Implants: 0.0%
  - Short-term methods
    - Injectable: 0.4%
    - Pill: 8.6%
    - Condom (male): 11.7%
    - LAM: 0.2%
    - Other modern methods: 0.0%

### Percentage of facilities stocked out, by method offered, on the day of assessment

- Long-acting and permanent methods
  - Sterilization (female)
  - Sterilization (male)
  - IUD
  - Implants
- Short-term methods
  - Injection
  - Pill
  - Condom (male)
  - Condom (female)
  - Other modern methods (EC)

### Percentage of primary SDPs that have at least 3 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment

- n/a

### Percentage of secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment

- n/a

### Annual expenditure on family planning from government’s domestic budget (USD)

- $ 249,000,000
  - Govt of India
  - 2016

### Couple-years of protection (CYP)

- n/a

### Method Information Index

- Percentage of women who were provided with information on family planning during recent contact with a health service provider
  - n/a
  - 2015-16 DHS

### Percentage of women who make family planning decisions alone or jointly with their husbands or partners

- 91.6%

### Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women 15-19)

- 51
  - 2015-16 DHS

### Discontinuation while in need

- Long-acting
  - IUD: 16.0%
  - Implant: 0.0%
  - Injectable: 40.2%
  - Pill: 32.0%
  - Condom (male): 23.3%

### Discontinuation while not in need

- Long-acting
  - IUD: 3.0%
  - Implant: 0.0%
  - Injectable: 12.0%
  - Pill: 16.0%
  - Condom (male): 20.1%

### Total discontinuation (all reasons)

- Long-acting
  - IUD: 19.8%
  - Implant: 0.0%
  - Injectable: 53.5%
  - Pill: 49.2%
  - Condom (male): 44.8%

### Switching to a different method

- Long-acting
  - IUD: 5.3%
  - Implant: 0.0%
  - Injectable: 23.2%
  - Pill: 12.0%
  - Condom (male): 9.4%

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**Data recency:** color indicates year of most recent data used to inform estimates
- **New:** After 2016
- **Recent:** 2012 to 2016
- **Old:** Prior to 2012

The data included here comes from the progress report

FP2020: Catalyzing Collaboration 2017-2018

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